

MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

Bank Audit Practices (BKA)

Level of Study: Specialist (Level 2) — Specialised Module

Effective date: 1 May 2024

Version: 3.2

Revision of module specifications format

A. Module Aim

The Bank Audit Practices (BKA) module aims to equip bank internal auditors with the essential tools and techniques used for various purposes in the audit process and includes practical guidance on sampling, handling resistance, decision-making and issues. Contents cover core framework and methodology in the critical areas of Credit, Treasury, IT, Governance, Liquidity, Strategy, AML, Compliance, etc. In addition, a comprehensive chapter on IT risks and audit is included to elaborate the risks and cyber threats to banks and the internal controls that need to be in place against such risks.

B. Learning Outcomes (LO)

Upon completion of this module, candidates will be able to:

LO1	Relate the interplay of the international banking regulatory system in relation to the Malaysian regulatory system.
L02	Demonstrate knowledge on the main Basel and Malaysian central bank regulations which will come into force by 1 January 2023 and the regulations during the transitory phase before that date.
L03	Recognise the values, philosophy and practice set out in the International Professional Practices Framework (IPPF) comprising the Definition, Mission, Code of Ethics, Core Principles and Standards of Internal Auditing.
L04	Relate the knowledge of the international internal auditing standards in conjunction with the internal control framework to identify the robustness of corporate governance, risk management and internal control.
L05	Apply the knowledge of the internal audit and internal control frameworks to plan and carry out an internal audit engagement which is in accordance with IIA Standards and current best practice.
L06	Explain the tools and techniques applicable to audit fieldwork and control analysis.
L07	Explain how Shariah Audit process is integrated with other audits.
LO8	Explain the risks in Investment Banking Services.
L09	Apply the principles of an integrated internal control framework to an end-to-end audit process on Credit Management and Operations.
L010	Relate the principles of an integrated internal control framework to an end-to-end audit process on the WFM function.
L011	Evaluate the robustness of the bank's risk management system against fraud.
L012	Relate an end-to-end audit process based on the principles of an integrated internal control framework to evaluate the compliance against regulatory standards of the bank's Anti-Money Laundering (AML) and Counter Financing of Terrorism (CFT).



L013	Explain how the risk audit assists banking organisations to evolve an effective approach to
	the identification, measurement, monitoring, and control of risks.
L014	Explain the control measures in the management of Information Technology (IT) risks and
	cyber security threats in banking.

C. Mode of Delivery

This module is offered as Module by Intake. Candidates must enrol within a specific deadline and attempt the exam within a pre-determined period.

D. Learning Method

A combination of methods can be adopted that includes but not limited to:

- Workshops (compulsory/optional)
- Discussions
- Seminars
- Self-study
- Moodle (Learning Management System)

E. Qualification and Module Time Limits

The qualification and module time limit for this module is as below:

Qualification Time Limit	Module Time Limit	
24 months	12 months	

For an extension of qualification and module time limit, please refer to the AICB Membership and Qualification Regulations (Membership and Qualifications Regulations).

F. Deferments and Online Exam Rescheduling

Module deferment applies to this module. Module Deferment means candidates defer the whole module which includes the workshop (if applicable), assignment, and examination to the next available intake.

Candidates may apply to defer their online examination and re-book the examination based on extenuating circumstances grounds as stipulated in the regulations. Effective 13th July 2024, candidates may reschedule the online examination booking up to a maximum of three (3) times per module registration.

Please refer to AICB Membership and Qualification Regulations (<u>Membership and Qualifications</u> Regulations) for more information on module/workshop deferment.



G. Assessment

Examination (Pearson-Vue Online)	MCQ	Written	Assignment
Duration	3 hours		
Format	75 questions50 independent MCQs, and25 scenario-based MCQs		

H. Grade Band

The grading below is applicable for this module:

Grade Band	Marks (%)
Distinction	80 to 100
Pass	60 to 79
Fail	0 to 59

I. Module Outline

#	Learning topics	Learning outcomes (LO)	Assessment criteria
1	The Basel Accords 1.1 Pillar 1 minimum capital requirements 1.2 Pillar 2: Basel II Supervisory Review 1.3 Pillar 3 of Basel III: Public disclosure (market discipline) 1.4 Basel III (2010 – 2011)	LO1 — Relate the interplay of the international banking regulatory system in relation to the Malaysian regulatory system. LO2 — Demonstrate knowledge on the main Basel and Malaysian central bank regulations which will come into force by 1 January 2023 and the regulations during the transitory phase before that date.	 Illustrate the main thrust in developing regulatory environment and the requirements that banks need to prepare to meet the new capital requirements. Identify current main elements of Basel II and Basel III requirements and the transitory applications in Malaysia until 1 January 2023. Plan the audit framework using the COSO framework to assess the effectiveness of the capital adequacy system's compliance with the new regime.



#	Learning topics	Learning outcomes (LO)		Assessment criteria
2	Overview of the professional practices and principles of internal auditing 2.1 The approach of this updated syllabus 2.2 Code of ethics and professional conduct (COE) 2.3 Overview of the international standards 2.4 Standards requiring extended commentaries 2.5 Limits 2.6 Internal audit policies and procedures manual 2.7 International standards for the professional practice of internal auditing (Standards) 2.8 Performance Standards	LO3 — Recognise the values, philosophy and practice set out in the International Professional Practices Framework (IPPF) comprising the Definition, Mission, Code of Ethics, Core Principles and Standards of Internal Auditing.	2.	Explain the nature of the internal audit's systematic and risk-based approach in evaluating an organization's core areas of governance, risk management and control. Apply the International Professional Practices Framework and the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing. List what are the Core Principles, Code of Ethics and Standards issued by IIA to guide the practice of internal auditing. Describe the mandatory requirements of an internal audit and consultancy engagement.
3	Corporate governance 3.1 Corporate governance 3.2 Governance and the control environment 3.3 Internal control frameworks 3.4 Introduction to governance audit 3.5 Determining the scope of the governance audit 3.6 Objectives of the governance audit 3.7 The governance audits 3.8 Additional duties of the board	LO4 — Relate the knowledge of the international internal auditing standards in conjunction with the internal control framework to identify the robustness of corporate governance, risk management and internal control.	3.4.5.	Explain what effective governance is in banks. Describe the internal auditor's role in the governance process. Describe how COSO and BNM Guidelines relate to each other Relate the principles and guidelines of BNM and COSO to identify required improvement areas in governance, risk management and internal control. Illustrate how governance auditing can set the scope of an effective control environment. Summarise the findings in a recommended format.



#	Learning topics	Learning outcomes (LO)		Assessment criteria
4	The internal audit processes 4.1 The risk universe analysis 4.2 Collaborative auditing 4.3 The audit engagement steps 4.4 Preventing audit risks by using disciplined approach 4.5 Establishing and reporting internal control deficiencies 4.6 Meeting resistance during fieldwork 4.7 Setting out the audit findings 4.8 Coverage of the audit 4.9 The internal audit reports 4.10 Good auditing: A quick checklist	LO5 — Apply the knowledge of the internal audit and internal control frameworks to plan and carry out an internal audit engagement which is in accordance with IIA Standards and current best practice.		Construct the sequence of main steps in the audit process. Recognise the considerations and the use of the COSO framework to plan and carry out an effective internal audit engagement. Explain the components, structure, and the reason behind each step of an audit and their links to the final audit report. Report an audit finding in a collaborative internal audit approach.
5	Internal audit tools and techniques 5.1 Useful audit tools and techniques 5.2 Risk identification 5.3 Fieldwork tools 5.4 Risk summary analysis and presentation 5.5 Sampling	LO6 — Explain the tools and techniques applicable to audit fieldwork and control analysis.		Illustrate the various types of tools and techniques for use in audit fieldwork. Use the appropriate tool(s) and technique(s) at various stages of the audit process. Explore the modified tools required in the wake of the Covid-19 Pandemic. Explain the analysis of the audit findings and conclusions using the COSO framework.
6	Audit process in Islamic banking 6.1 Islamic banking 6.2 Islamic banking legislation 6.3 Introduction 6.4 Islamic banking in Malaysia 6.5 The Shariah Governance Framework 6.6 Shariah procedure manuals	LO7 — Explain how Shariah Audit process is integrated with other audits.	3.	Interpret the main Shariah contracts and their requirements. Explain the main Shariah risks. Explain the structure for managing Shariah risks. Plan how Shariah Audit process is conducted.



#	Learning topics	Learning outcomes (LO)	Assessment criteria
	 6.7 Integrating the Shariah audit and other audits 6.8 Shariah non-compliance reporting 6.9 Shariah audit process 6.10 Shariah new product development 6.11 Resolutions of Shariah Advisory Council of Bank Negara Malaysia 		
7	Audit process in investment banking 7.1 Definition of investment banking 7.2 Areas of operations 7.3 The risks in investment banking services 7.4 Excessive bonus remuneration 7.5 Famous investment banking failures and scandals 7.6 Malaysian investment banking guidelines 7.7 Applicable BNM guidelines 7.8 Auditing investment banks	LO8 — Explain the risks in Investment Banking Services.	 Explain the risks in Investment Banking Services. State the Malaysian Investment Banking Guidelines including those on climate change.
8	The credit management and operations audit 8.1 Objective and importance of the credit function 8.2 Framework for the establishment of credit objectives and operations 8.3 Governance and the credit risk appetite 8.4 The credit plan process 8.5 Assessing the department's control environment 8.6 An end-to-end audit 8.7 Part A: Credit management system audit	LO9 — Apply the principles of an integrated internal control framework to an end-to-end audit process on Credit Management and Operations.	 Use Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) guidelines on risk governance, credit risk and IIA standards to prepare risk assessment fieldwork on credit management. Interpret the detective internal controls for compliance to lending rules. Evaluate the objectives and performance of the lending and credit control functions in commercial and corporate lending.



#	Learning topics	Learning outcomes (LO)	Assessment criteria
	8.8 Part B: Controls and results audit 8.9 Part C: Integrating the findings from Part A (System) and Part B (Results) 8.10 Auditing the credit function 8.11 The final report 8.12 Writing the audit summary		
9	The wholesale financial markets (WFM) internal audit 9.1 Introduction 9.2 Part A 9.3 Control environment and risk assessment 9.4 Part B 9.5 Part C – Bringing the findings in Part A (System) and Part B (Results) together 9.6 Writing the audit summary 9.7 IFRS9 (MFRS9)	LO10 — Relate the principles of an integrated internal control framework to an endto-end audit process on the WFM function.	 Explain the governance and risk assessment in the WFM Process Explain the audit of the WFM Management System Explain the internal control activities to be audited Determine communication and monitoring activities Evaluate the performance of the banking institution's WFM operations to establish the WFM objective.
10	Fraud prevention management internal audits 10.1 What is fraud risk? 10.2 The impact of financial fraud 10.3 Difference between internal control and fraud prevention 10.4 Fraud prevention coverage by internal controls 10.5 Why and when do we need a fraud prevention audit? 10.6 Organising and executing the fraud prevention management audit	LO11 — Evaluate the robustness of the bank's risk management system against fraud.	 Explain how the Institute of Internal Auditors (IIA), Committee of Sponsoring Organization (COSO) and Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) guidelines on fraud risk can be applied to fraud prevention and detection. Explain the segments in the audit of the fraud prevention risk management system. Apply the principles to conduct a Fraud Risk Management Audit. Apply the principles to conduct an investigation.



#	Learning topics	Learning outcomes (LO)	Assessment criteria
	10.7 The investigation processes 10.8 Writing the fraud prevention management audit report		
11	The Anti-Money Laundering (AML) internal audit 11.1 Auditing the Anti- Money Laundering and Counter Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT) System 11.2 A systems audit 11.3 The objective and importance of the AML function 11.4 Governance and the AML risk appetite 11.5 Part A – Auditing the AML/CFT management system 11.6 Part B 11.7 Writing the AML/CFT report 11.8 Presentation using a HEAT map	LO12 — Relate an end-to-end audit process based on the principles of an integrated internal control framework to evaluate the compliance against regulatory standards of the bank's Anti-Money Laundering (AML) and Counter Financing of Terrorism (CFT).	 Interpret the regulatory guidelines on AML and CFT. Appraise the IIA standards and the integrated internal control framework to ascertain effectiveness of risk management, governance structure and internal control activities. Explain the internal controls activities of risk mitigation, technological support, and policies and procedures for compliance to AML and CFT. Explain the components of an audit report. Outline the BNM/RH/PD 030-3 "transactions that should trigger suspicion".
12	The risk management audit 12.1 Definition of risk management 12.2 The need to audit risk management 12.3 Lessons from the global financial crisis 12.4 Starting the internal audit of risk management 12.5 Part A: The control environment 12.6 Part B: Auditing the core body of the risk management process 12.7 Part C: Review of information,	LO13 — Explain how the risk audit assists banking organisations to evolve an effective approach to the identification, measurement, monitoring and control of risks.	 Explain the nature of risk management and the main areas and classifications of risk in the banking industry. Explain the importance of effective risk management in identifying and managing bank risk, including the benefits of the enterprise risk management approach. Apply the international standards when setting objectives for the risk management audit.



#	Learning topics	Learning outcomes (LO)		Assessment criteria
— II	communication, and	Learning outcomes (LO)	4	Review the effectiveness
	monitoring			of the risk management
	12.8 Stress testing			framework and the
	12.9 Model validation			system of bank using the
	12.10 Setting out the risk			COSO Framework.
	management audit		5.	Explain Risk Management
	findings			Information and Reporting
	12.11 The audit conclusion		6.	Explain the basic
	or opinion			elements of stress testing
10	1.6	1011 5 1 1 1 1		and model validation.
13	Information technology (IT)	LO14 – Explain the risks of	1.	
	Risks and Audit	information technology		system and its application
	13.1 Introduction to IT audit	applications in banking operations, of cyber –security	2.	in banking. Describe the role of an IT
	13.2 Banking and IT 13.3 IT Risk Management	applications and how to audit	۷.	auditor and IT risks in
	Framework	the effectiveness of the		banking.
	13.4 Cybersecurity	governance and management	3.	3
	13.5 The New Risks –	controls put in place to		between IT General
	Working From Home	manage these risks.		Controls and Application
	13.6 COBIT 2019 Overview			Controls.
	13.7 Other IT Framework		4.	Describe Business
	and Standards			Continuity Management
	13.8 Conclusion			Readiness, Business
				Impact Analysis, BCP and
			_	Crisis Management.
			5.	Describe cybersecurity
				and the risk of cyber
			6.	threats to banks.
			0.	Know what Enterprise Governance over
				Information and
				Technology (EGIT) is.
			7.	Evaluate application of
				the new COBIT 2019
				framework and
				methodology for auditing
				EGIT.
			8.	Describe the main IT risks
				using the COBIT 2019 framework.
			a	Prepare an overall IT
			<u> </u>	Audit Engagement Plan.
			10.	. Identify the annual main
				IT audit and its adjunct IT
				audits.
			11.	. Identify a consistent audit
				rating system to rate IT
				processes in an EGIT.

Note: This document contains information that is deemed accurate and valid as of the date of publication.